## What is claimed is

- 1. A process for separating outer birch bark from inner birch bark comprising subjecting birch bark to at least one of fragmentation and pelletization to provide a combination of outer birch bark shreds and inner birch bark chunks or outer birch bark pellets and inner birch bark chunks; and separating the outer birch bark shreds or outer birch bark pellets from the inner birch bark chunks.
- 10 2. The process of claim 1 wherein the separating comprises pushing the outer birch bark shreds through a mesh effective to separate the outer birch bark shreds from the inner birch bark chunks or the separating is accomplished with the use of an air classifier.
- 15 3. The process of claim 1 or 2 wherein the fragmentation is accomplished with a chipper or a shredder and the pelletization is accomplished with a pellet machine.
- 4. The process of claim 1 or 2 further comprising reducing the size of the outer birch bark shreds with the use of a hammermill.
  - 5. A process for obtaining a natural product from outer birch bark comprising subjecting the outer birch bark to supercritical fluid extraction to provide the natural product.

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The process of claim

- 6. The process of claim 5 wherein the natural product is betulin, betulinic acid or lupeol.
- 7. The process of claim 5 wherein the supercritical fluid extraction30 utilizes carbon dioxide as a solvent.

8. The process of claim 5 wherein the supercritical fluid extraction
utilizes carbon dioxide; at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane, N2O, SF6, propane
ammonia, and n-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> , (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O; at least one of THF, methylene chloride,
chloroform, C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CF <sub>3</sub> , and p-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -CF <sub>3</sub> ; and optionally at least one of
methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol,
tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia,
chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide,
formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and
pentanes; as a solvent.

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9. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from outer birch bark comprising:

extracting with carbon dioxide at a pressure between about 3,000 psi and 10,000 psi and at a temperature between about 50°C and 100°C to provide lupeol, betulin and betulinic acid.

10. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from outer birch bark using fractional supercritical fluid extraction comprising: extracting with carbon dioxide at a pressure below about 5,000

20 psi and at a temperature below about 50°C to provide a product comprising lupeol; and

extracting with carbon dioxide at a pressure of about 5,000 psi to about 10,000 psi and at a temperature of about 50°C to about 120°C to provide a product comprising a mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.

- 11. The process of claim 10 further comprising separating the betulin from the mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.
- 12. A process for obtaining lupeol from outer birch bark comprising:

  subjecting the outer birch bark to supercritical fluid extraction

  with carbon dioxide at a temperature of about 40°C to about 50°C and a pressure

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of about 3,000 psi to about 5,000 psi for a period of time of about 1 hour to about 3 hours to provide the lupeol.

13. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from outer birch bark comprising:

extracting with carbon dioxide; at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, and n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O; at least one of THF, methylene chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, and *p*-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>; and optionally at least one of methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a pressure between about 3,000 psi and 10,000 psi and at a temperature between about 50°C and 100°C to provide lupeol, betulin and betulinic acid.

- 14. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from outer birch bark using fractional supercritical fluid extraction comprising: extracting with carbon dioxide; at least one of Xe, Freon-23,
- ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, and n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O; at least one of THF, methylene chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, and *p*-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>; and optionally at least one of methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl
- sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a pressure below about 5,000 psi and at a temperature below about 50°C to provide a product comprising lupeol; and

extracting with carbon dioxide; at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, and n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O; at least one of THF, methylene chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, and *p*-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>; and optionally at least one of methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane,

ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a pressure of about 5,000 psi to about 10,000 psi and at a temperature of about 50°C to about 120°C to provide a product comprising a mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.

- 15. The process of claim 14 further comprising separating the betulin from the mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.
- 10 16. A process for obtaining lupeol from outer birch bark comprising: subjecting the outer birch bark to supercritical fluid extraction with carbon dioxide; at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, and  $n-C_4H_{10}$ ,  $(C_2H_5)_2O$ ; at least one of THF, methylene chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, and p-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>; and optionally at least one of methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol, 15 tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a temperature of about 40°C to about 50°C and a pressure of about 3,000 psi to about 5,000 psi for a period of time of about 1 hour to about 3 hours 20 to provide the lupeol.
  - 17. A process for isolating 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid from outer birch bark comprising:
- 25 (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in an aqueous alcohol solution to provide a second outer birch bark and a second solution;
  - (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- 30 (3) condensing the second solution at a temperature below about 50°C to form a third solution;

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- (4) adding water to the third solution to form a precipitate and a fourth solution:
  - (5) separating the precipitate from the fourth solution;
- (6) acidifying the fourth solution to a pH of about 5.5 to about 6.5
   to give a fifth solution and 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid as a precipitate;
   and
  - (7) separating the 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid precipitate from the fifth solution to give 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid.
- 10 18. The process of claim 17 wherein lupeol, betulin and betulinic acid are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.
  - 19. The process of claim 17 further comprising recrystallizing the 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid from isopropanol, methanol or ethanol.

20. A process for isolating 9,10,18-trihydroxyoctadecanoic acid from outer birch bark comprising:

- (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in an aqueous alcohol solution to provide a second outer birch bark and a second solution;
- (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- (3) condensing the second solution at a temperature below about 50°C to form a third solution;
- 25 (4) adding water to the third solution to form a first precipitate and a fourth solution;
  - (5) separating the first precipitate from the fourth solution;
  - (6) acidifying the fourth solution to a pH of about 5.5 to about 6.5 to give a fifth solution and a second precipitate;
    - (7) separating the second precipitate from the fifth solution;
      - (8) condensing the fifth solution to provide a sixth solution;

- (9) subjecting the sixth solution to epoxidizing conditions to provide an epoxide and hydrolyzing the epoxide to provide a seventh solution; and
- (10) crystallizing the seventh solution to give 9,10,18-trihydroxyoctadecanoic acid.
  - 21. The process of claim 20 wherein lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.
- 10 22. The process of claim 20 further comprising recrystallizing the 9,10,18-trihydroxyoctadecanoic acid from an alcohol or an aqueous alcohol solution.
- 23. A process for isolating non-soluble polyphenolic polymers and fatty acids from outer birch bark comprising:
  - (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in an aqueous alcohol solution to provide a second birch bark and a second solution;
  - (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- 20 (3) adding water to the second outer birch bark to provide a third solution and a third outer birch bark;
  - (4) separating the third solution from the third outer birch bark;
  - (5) acidifying the third solution to a pH of about 3.0 to about 4.0 to give a fourth solution and a mixture of non-soluble polyphenolic polymer and fatty acids; and
  - (6) separating the mixture of fatty acids and non-soluble polyphenolic polymers from the fourth solution.
- 24. The process of claim 23 wherein lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.

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- 25. A process for isolating fatty acids and soluble polyphenolic polymers from outer birch bark comprising:
- (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in an aqueous alcohol solution to provide a second outer birch bark and a second solution;
- (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- (3) adding water to the second outer birch bark to provide a third outer birch bark and a third solution;
  - (4) separating the third solution from the third outer birch bark;
- (5) acidifying the third solution to a pH of about 3.0-4.0 to give a fourth solution and a solid;
  - (6) separating the solid from the fourth solution;
- (7) adding an alcohol to the fourth solution to provide a fifth 15 solution and a precipitate;
  - (8) separating the precipitate from the fifth solution; and
  - (9) condensing the fifth solution to provide a mixture of fatty acids and soluble polyphenolic polymers.
- 20 26. The process of claim 25 wherein lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.
- 27. A process for separating outer birch bark from inner birch bark comprising subjecting birch bark to at least one of fragmentation and 25 pelletization to provide a combination of outer birch bark shreds and inner birch bark chunks or outer birch bark pellets and inner birch bark chunks; and separating the outer birch bark shreds or outer birch bark pellets from the inner birch bark chunks.

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The process of claim 27 wherein the separating comprises pushing the outer birch bark shreds through a mesh effective to separate the

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outer birch bark shreds from the inner birch bark chunks or the separating is accomplished with the use of an air classifier.

- 29. The process of claim 27 or 28 wherein the fragmentation is accomplished with a chipper or a shredder and the pelletization is accomplished with a pellet machine.
  - 30. The process of claim 27 or 28 further comprising reducing the size of the outer birch bark shreds with the use of a hammermill.
- 31. A process for obtaining a natural product from outer birch bark comprising subjecting the outer birch bark to supercritical fluid extraction to provide the natural product.
- 15 32. The process of claim 31 wherein the natural product is betulin, betulinic acid or lupeol.
  - 33. The process of claim 31 wherein the supercritical fluid extraction utilizes carbon dioxide as a solvent.
  - The process of claim 31 wherein the supercritical fluid extraction utilizes carbon dioxide and at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane,  $N_2O$ ,  $SF_6$ , propane, ammonia,  $n-C_4H_{10}$ ,  $(C_2H_5)_2O$ , THF, methylene chloride, chloroform,  $C_6H_5CF_3$ ,  $p-Cl-C_6H_4-CF_3$ , methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol,
- 25 2-methoxy ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; as a solvent.
- 30 35. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from outer birch bark comprising:

extracting with carbon dioxide at a pressure between about 3,000 psi and 10,000 psi and at a temperature between about 50°C and 100°C to provide lupeol, betulin and betulinic acid.

- 5 36. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from outer birch bark using fractional supercritical fluid extraction comprising:

  extracting with carbon dioxide at a pressure below about 5,000 psi and at a temperature below about 50°C to provide a product comprising lupeol; and
- extracting with carbon dioxide at a pressure of about 5,000 psi to about 10,000 psi and at a temperature of about 50°C to about 120°C to provide a product comprising a mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.
- 37. The process of claim 36 further comprising separating the betulin from the mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.
- 38. A process for obtaining lupeol from outer birch bark comprising: subjecting the outer birch bark to supercritical fluid extraction with carbon dioxide at a temperature of about 40°C to about 50°C and a pressure of about 3,000 psi to about 5,000 psi for a period of time of about 1 hour to about 3 hours to provide the lupeol.
  - 39. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from outer birch bark comprising:
- extracting with carbon dioxide and at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O, THF, methylene chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, *p*-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a pressure between about

3,000 psi and 10,000 psi and at a temperature between about 50°C and 100°C to provide lupeol, betulin and betulinic acid.

40. A process for obtaining lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin from

outer birch bark using fractional supercritical fluid extraction comprising:

extracting with carbon dioxide and at least one of Xe, Freon-23,

ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O, THF, methylene

chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, p-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol,

2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane,

acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N
dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide,

acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a pressure below about

5,000 psi and at a temperature below about 50°C to provide a product

comprising lupeol; and

extracting with carbon dioxide and at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O, THF, methylene chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, p-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a pressure of about 5,000 psi to about 10,000 psi and at a temperature of about 50°C to about 120°C to provide a product comprising a mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.

- 25 41. The process of claim 40 further comprising separating the betulin from the mixture of betulin and betulinic acid.
- 42. A process for obtaining lupeol from outer birch bark comprising: subjecting the outer birch bark to supercritical fluid extraction

  30 with carbon dioxide and at least one of Xe, Freon-23, ethane, N<sub>2</sub>O, SF<sub>6</sub>, propane, ammonia, n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>, (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O, THF, methylene chloride, chloroform, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, p-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CF<sub>3</sub>, methanol, ethanol, 1-propanol, 2-propanol, 1-hexanol, 2-methoxy

ethanol, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, dichloromethane, ammonia, chloroform, propylene carbonate, N,N-dimethylaceamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, formic acid, water, carbon disulfide, acetone, propane, toluene, hexanes, and pentanes; at a temperature of about 40°C to about 50°C and a pressure of about 3,000 psi to about 5,000 psi for a period of time of about 1 hour to about 3 hours to provide the lupeol.

- 43. A process for isolating 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid from outer birch bark comprising:
- 10 (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in an aqueous alcohol solution to provide a second outer birch bark and a second solution;
  - (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- 15 (3) condensing the second solution at a temperature below about 50°C to form a third solution;
  - (4) adding water to the third solution to form a precipitate and a fourth solution;
    - (5) separating the precipitate from the fourth solution;
- 20 (6) acidifying the fourth solution to a pH of about 5.5 to about 6.5 to give a fifth solution and 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid as a precipitate; and
  - (7) separating the 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid precipitate from the fifth solution to give 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid.
  - 44. The process of claim 43 wherein lupeol, betulin and betulinic acid are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.
- 45. The process of claim 43 further comprising recrystallizing the 9,10-epoxy-18-hydroxydecanoic acid from isopropanol, methanol or ethanol.

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- 46. A process for isolating 9,10,18-trihydroxyoctadecanoic acid from outer birch bark comprising:
- (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in an aqueous alcohol solution to provide a second outer birch bark and a second solution;
- (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- (3) condensing the second solution at a temperature below about 50°C to form a third solution;
- 10 (4) adding water to the third solution to form a first precipitate and a fourth solution;
  - (5) separating the first precipitate from the fourth solution;
  - (6) acidifying the fourth solution to a pH of about 5.5 to about 6.5 to give a fifth solution and a second precipitate;
    - (7) separating the second precipitate from the fifth solution;
    - (8) condensing the fifth solution to provide a sixth solution;
  - (9) subjecting the sixth solution to epoxidizing conditions to provide an epoxide and hydrolyzing the epoxide to provide a seventh solution; and
- 20 (10) crystallizing the seventh solution to give 9,10,18-trihydroxyoctadecanoic acid.
  - 47. The process of claim 46 wherein lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.
  - 48. The process of claim 46 further comprising recrystallizing the 9,10,18-trihydroxyoctadecanoic acid from an alcohol or an aqueous alcohol solution.
- 30 49. A process for isolating non-soluble polyphenolic polymers and fatty acids from outer birch bark comprising:

- (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in an aqueous alcohol solution to provide a second birch bark and a second solution;
- (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- 5 (3) adding water to the second outer birch bark to provide a third solution and a third outer birch bark;
  - (4) separating the third solution from the third outer birch bark;
  - (5) acidifying the third solution to a pH of about 3.0 to about 4.0 to give a fourth solution and a mixture of non-soluble polyphenolic polymer and fatty acids; and
  - (6) separating the mixture of fatty acids and non-soluble polyphenolic polymers from the fourth solution.
- 50. The process of claim 49 wherein lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.
  - 51. A process for isolating fatty acids and soluble polyphenolic polymers from outer birch bark comprising:
- (1) subjecting the outer birch bark to alkali hydrolysis in anaqueous alcohol solution to provide a second outer birch bark and a second solution;
  - (2) separating the second solution from the second outer birch bark;
- (3) adding water to the second outer birch bark to provide a third outer birch bark and a third solution;
  - (4) separating the third solution from the third outer birch bark;
  - (5) acidifying the third solution to a pH of about 3.0-4.0 to give a fourth solution and a solid;
    - (6) separating the solid from the fourth solution;
- 30 (7) adding an alcohol to the fourth solution to provide a fifth solution and a precipitate;
  - (8) separating the precipitate from the fifth solution; and

- (9) condensing the fifth solution to provide a mixture of fatty acids and soluble polyphenolic polymers.
- 52. The process of claim 51 wherein lupeol, betulinic acid and betulin
- 5 are removed from the outer birch bark prior to the alkali hydrolysis.